NSW Department of Trade & Investment Electrical Engineering Safety Seminar 5th - 6th November 2014

When SIL2 Will Just Not Do!



Presented by

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Risk and Reliability

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Overview

- A retrospective overview of the use of the functional safety approach in mines since 2006.
- Focussing on three (3) common implementation pitfalls:
- 1. By-passing the process.
- 2. Inadequate specification of safety requirements.
- 3. When SIL2 will just not do.
- And briefly, two (2) knowledge / competence issues:
- 1. The root of all confusion.
- 2. The elephant in the training room.

Risk and Reliability

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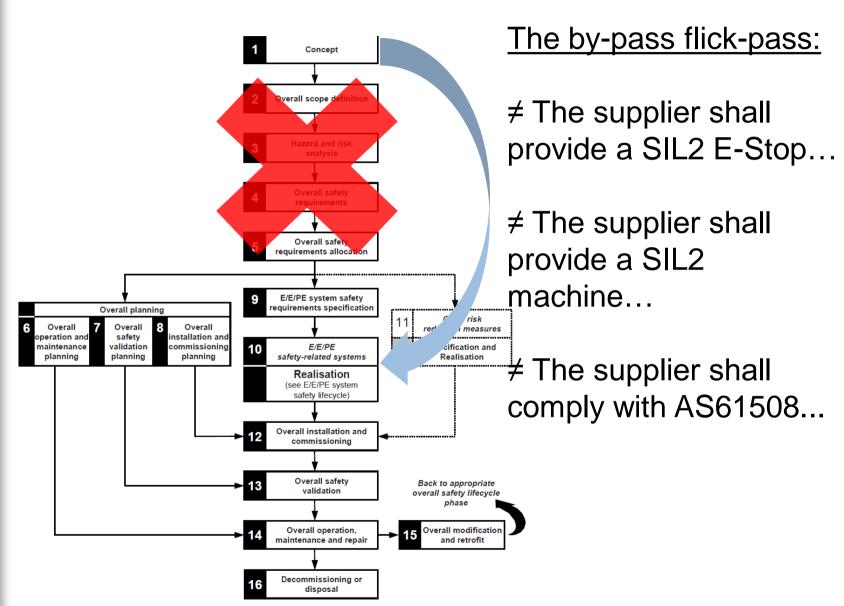
By-passing the Process

ADANGER

DO NOT override or tamper with safety devices. They are installed for your safety.

Failure to comply will result in death or serious injury.

■ The Case of the Lost Opportunity



■ The Case of the Lost Opportunity

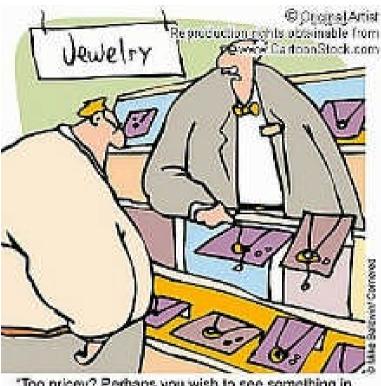
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The upside:

 Less time / cost / effort / inconvenience.

The downside:

- Insufficient and / or ineffective risk controls selected.
- Inadequate specification of safety requirements.
- Supplier either 'gold-plates' the machine or makes a token effort, depending on their contract terms.
- Level of safety assurance is open to question.



"Too pricey? Perhaps you wish to see something in macarchi and spray paint?"

■ The Case of an Ineffective Control...

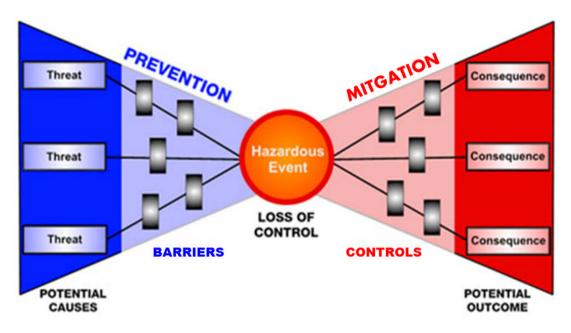


Risk and Reliability

■ What is a risk control.....?

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Think of the 'Bowtie'.



■The function of a risk control is to stop the accident sequence (ie. arrest it), or to deviate its propagation to a less severe consequence (ie. deflect it).

■ What is a risk control.....?

- ■A tangible / physical object or system, which of itself, arrests/deflects an unwanted event.
 - May be passive (eg. guarding) or active (eg. proximity detection).
 - May be automatically operated (eg. fire suppression) or rely upon a human act to operate (eg. emergency brake).
- ■A human act (eg. behaviour or response to stimuli), which of itself, arrests/deflects an unwanted event.
 - May be derived from the contents of a procedure, training or experience about what is expected of a person in a given situation.
 - Can often be described using a verb / noun pair.
 - eg. <u>obey</u> speed restrictions, <u>isolate</u> electrical supply, <u>apply</u> emergency brake, <u>wear</u> safety glasses, <u>drink</u> water.

■ What is not a risk control.....?

- •A control is often supported by things which help assure its reliability, potency, robustness etc..., but sometimes these things are mistaken as being controls too.
- But, of themselves, they do not arrest/deflect an unwanted event.
 - eg. training,
 procedures.
 competency assessment.
 a maintenance task.
 common-sense.
 a prayer.



■ What is control effectiveness...2P4R ?

- Pro-active prevent the unwanted event, rather than control the consequences.
- Potent (ie. efficacy) technically capable of arresting or/ deflecting the account additional risk.

 Responsive – in place, or operates within sufficient time.

 - environment.
 - ■Realistic value for money, simple, with ease of legacy.
 - ■Reliable high probability of successful operation.

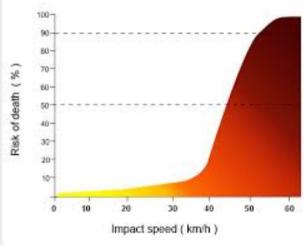
■ What is control effectiveness...ESMA?



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Evidence-based

Risk of death for pedestrians, cyclists and motorcyclists



Specifiable



Measureable



Auditable



■ But....back to those pesky E-Stops...

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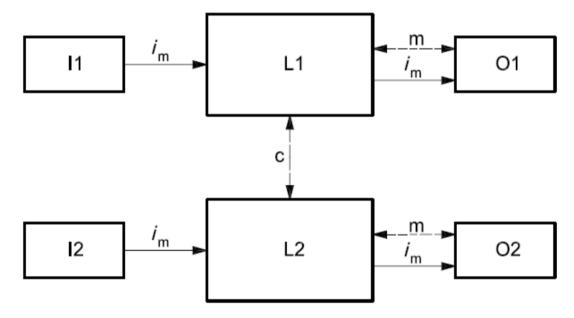
NSW / QLD WH&S Regulation CI.191.2.(c).

"...cannot be adversely affected by electrical or electronic circuit malfunction".

- Hierarchy: Act > Regulation > CoP > Standard > Guideline
- Must be complied with regardless of E-Stop effectiveness or SIL allocated.
- So far as is reasonably practicable?
- Effective use of scarce financial resources?

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- Determine if / when any E-Stop is an effective control.
- If it is, determine a SIL requirement for it design for fault tolerance regardless of the SIL required.
- If not, design for fault tolerance anyway.

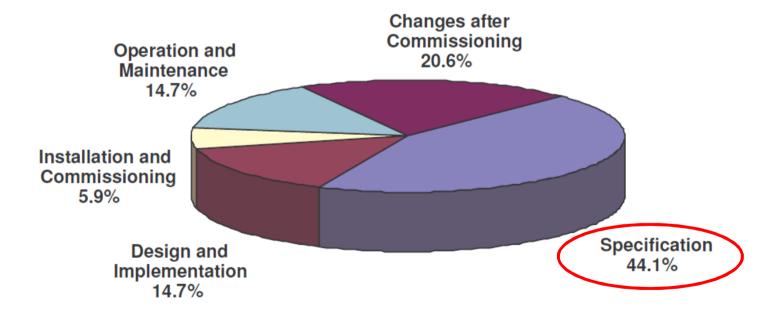


Refer ISO13849-1 Section 6.2.6 (now in AS4024.1503).

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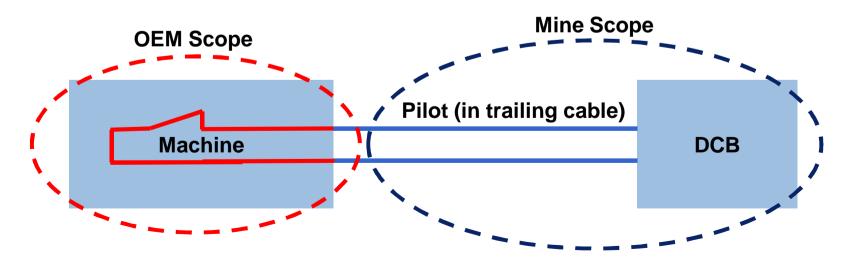
Inadequate Specification of Safety Requirements



■ The Case of the Pilot Circuit

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- Safety functions utilising the pilot circuit of the machine require consideration of on-board and off-board parts.
- OEM → On-board parts (eg. pushbutton, etc...)
- Mine → Off-board parts (eg. cable, DCB, etc...).
- What happens if the mine passes responsibility to the OEM to meet a SIL but does nothing itself?



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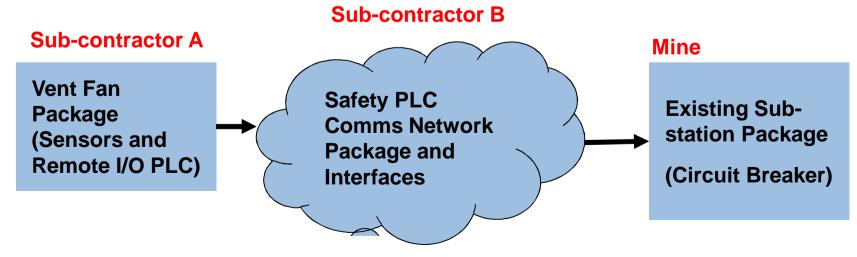
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■ The Case of the Vent Fan Inter-trip

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Someone needs to have overall control of system specification, verification and integration.

- Subcontractor A (less experienced) delivered SIL2 sensors and a SIL1 network interface.
- Sub-contractor B (experienced) delivered a SIL3 capable comms network, network and sub-station trip relay interfaces.
- The mine (inexperienced) used a legacy sub-station with a single shunt trip.



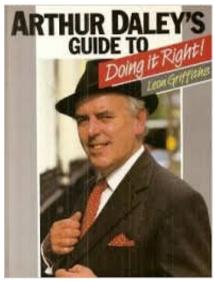
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An Exception to the Rule...?

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Safety lifecycle problematic for high volume / commercial off-theshelf (COTS) equipment. eg. mine haul truck.



User focussed compliance approach

- Requirements based on user's actual use and environment.
- Risk-based approach subjective.
- OEM receives many user-based safety requirements specifications.
- Does any customer or corporation have sufficient market power?
- OEM can't / won't meet requirements → after-market mods?
- No easy answer but an **OEM-focussed compliance approach** for high volume / COTS would help. eg. car industry ADR's & ANCAP, EU Machinery Directive.

■ The Case of the OEM's Intended Use

- An OEM should analyse, specify safety requirements and design on the basis of reasonably foreseeable use <u>and</u> misuse.
- This should include functional safety requirements.
- Use AS62061 or ISO13849 (< 200 pages)

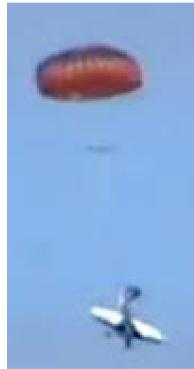


■ The Case of User's Actual Use

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- The OEM's analysis, specification and design provides a baseline for further consideration by end-users.
- Confirm it meets the actual / intended user requirements.





If not, modify the safety requirements.

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When SIL2 will just not do!



■ Remote Isolation – The SIL2 Safety Catch.....

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NSW Mines Work Health and Safety Regulation 2014 (Public Consultation Draft), Clause 33:

(1)(m).... that any electrical safeguards provided to control the risk from both electrical and non-electrical hazards have a safety integrity sufficient for the level of risk being controlled,

People in the line of fire if remote isolation fails.



 Remote Isolation Systems need proper consideration – tasks, exposure of workers, other safeguards, ability to escape etc....

■ What is SIL2? Is it sufficient?



- Probability of Dangerous Failure Per Hour (PFH) < 0.000001.
- MTBF (dangerous) = 1 / PFH = 1,000,000 hrs = 114.2 yrs.
- If the life of mine (LoM) is 20 yrs, the likelihood of a dangerous failure at some time is up to 16%
- A SIL2 Remote Isolation System may fail at some time during the life of a mine.
- What happens next? Who is exposed? What other controls are in place alarms, back-up trips etc…? Time to escape?
- Worst case: 16% LoM risk of death → tolerable, sufficient?

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■ What SIL is "sufficient"?

- SIL1 up to 83% likelihood of dangerous failure in 20 yr LoM.
- SIL2 up to 16% likelihood of dangerous failure in 20 yr LoM.
- SIL3 up to 1.7% likelihood of dangerous failure in 20 yr LoM.
- SIL4 up to 0.2% likelihood of dangerous failure in 20yr LoM.

- Is SIL3 sufficient, SIL4...?
- Should we be using remote isolation?
-How does this compare to the reliability of a humanbased, manual isolation?

But what SIL is a Person?

- Assume ~3 isolations per day.
- ie. ~1000 per yr or ~20,000 during 20yr LoM.
- How reliably is manual isolation performed?

- What error rate is realistic for a human?
- 1-in-10 → 2000 errors in 20yr LoM
- 1-in-100 → 200 errors in 20yr LoM
- 1-in-1,000 → 20 errors in 20yr LoM
- 1-in-10,000 → 2 errors in 20yr LoM
- 1-in-100,000 \rightarrow 0.2 errors in 20yr LoM

■ But what SIL is a Person?

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Assume ~3 isolations per day, or ~1000 per yr.

- SIL1 \rightarrow < 1-in-11,400, per isolation \rightarrow <2 errors in LoM.
- SIL2 → < 1-in-114,000, per isolation → <0.2 errors in LoM</p>
- SIL3 \rightarrow <1-in-1,140,000, per isolation.
- SIL4 \rightarrow <1-in-11,400,000, per isolation.

- Even SIL1 is probably better than a human!
-Does this mean that humans should not be doing manual isolations where a SIL-rated remote isolation system is known, available and suitable?

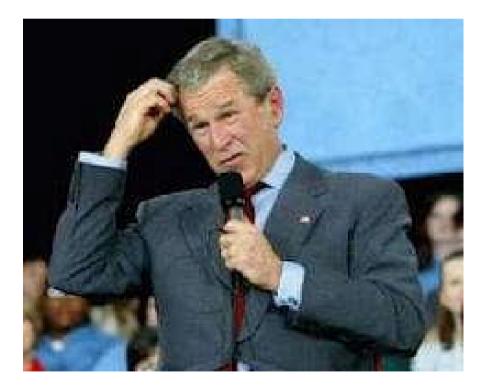
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The Root of All Confusion



■ The Rules Get Made By Those Who Turn Up!

- AS61508 has 8 parts and ~600 pages!
- AS62061 has 1 part and ~100 pages!
- AS61511 has 3 parts and ~200 pages!
- ISO13849 has 2 parts and ~200 pages!
- AS4024.1 now has 27+ parts and ~900+ pages!
- 2000 pages!
- These numbers are increasing.....
- Only AS61508 covers all lifecycle phases.
- Only ISO13849 covers all technologies.
- Numerous schemes for describing and determining safety integrity.
- Conflicting terms and definitions.
- Differing methods for designing, verification, documentation etc...

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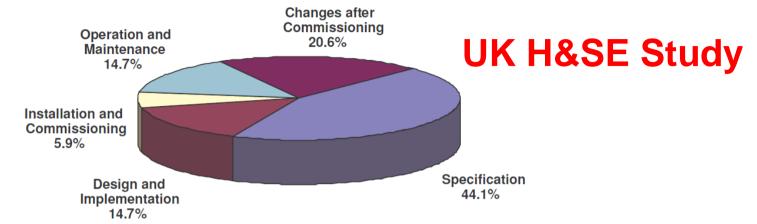
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The Elephant in the Training Room



Nertney...Competent People...Safe Practices!

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- 58.8% incidents caused during engineer-dependent phases.
- 41.2% incidents caused during technician-dependent phases.
- Training and certification for FS Engineers, but not for technicians?
- Coming in 2015...Marcus Punch Pty. Ltd. in co-operation with TÜV Rheinland...FS Technician certification for the mining industry!

http://www.tuvasi.com/en/trainings-and-workshops/tuev-rheinland-functional-safety-program/tuev-rheinland-fs-technician/trainings/181-marcus-punch

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